





IWRM Spiral for Western Basin/ Harirud - Murghab River Basin of Afghanistan



9th NARBO IWRM Training 12 – 19 – May 2014, Philippines

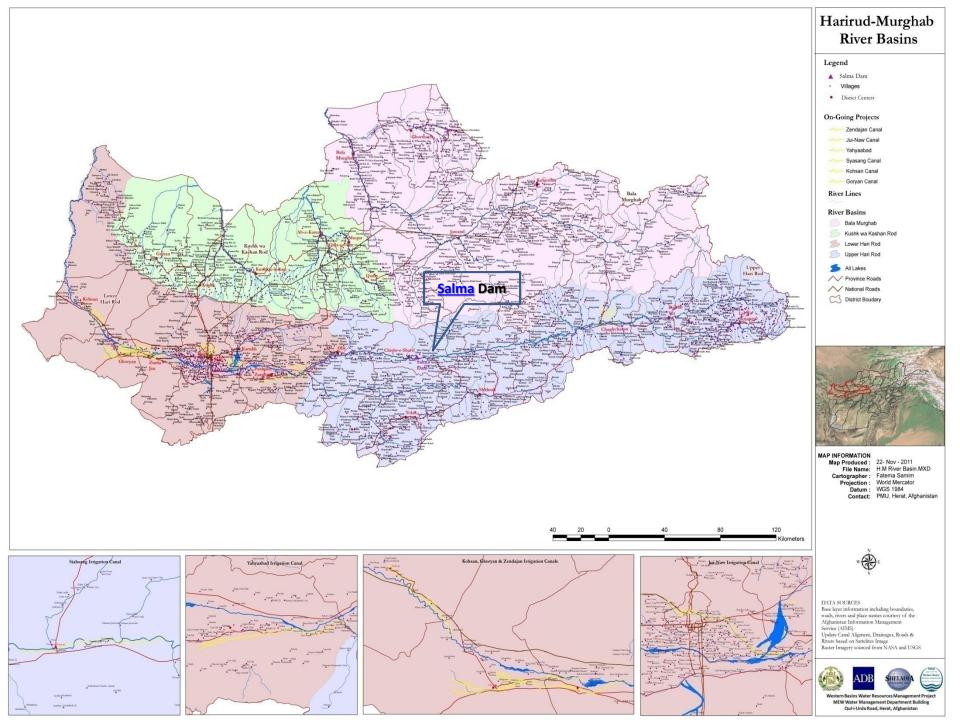
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Introduction/Background

Harirod-Murghab or Western Basin area is 77604 Square km with average rain fall of 270 mm in the basin, Western Basin has plan land and suitable for variety of vegetable and fruits ,its population is around 6 million

On early 1970 with rapid growth of population and demand for food was increased and parallel the demand for irrigation seems very important,

Salma dam was originally constructed in 1976 on the Hari Rud river basin, but was damaged early during the Civil war in Afghanistan. The reconstruction of the dam again initiated by an Indian company (WAPCOS Ltd.) in 1988, but the project was left incomplete for a significant period of time due to the ongoing instability caused by the civil war. In 2006 India committed to funding the completion of the Salma Dam at an estimated cost of \$350 million Once completed, in addition of providing irrigation for 75,000 hectares of farmland (stabilizing the existing irrigation of 35,000 hectares and development of irrigation facilities to an additional 40,000 hectares of land) so this 40,000 hectares development get a packaged of USD 74 Million and funded by ADB for Ministry of Energy and Water (MEW) and Western Basin project is responsible for implementing of the project and develop and rehabilitated the irrigation canals for 40,000 hectares of land beside other activities.



Location and Data of Salma Dam

Location Herat Province

Status Under construction

Construction began 1976 and postponed and

restart 2006

Opening date 2014 (est.)

Construction cost US\$ 350 million

Owner(s) WAPCOS

Dam and spillways

Height 107.5 m (353 ft)

Length 551 m (1,808 ft)

Reservoir

Active capacity 560 MCM

Inactive capacity 633 MCM

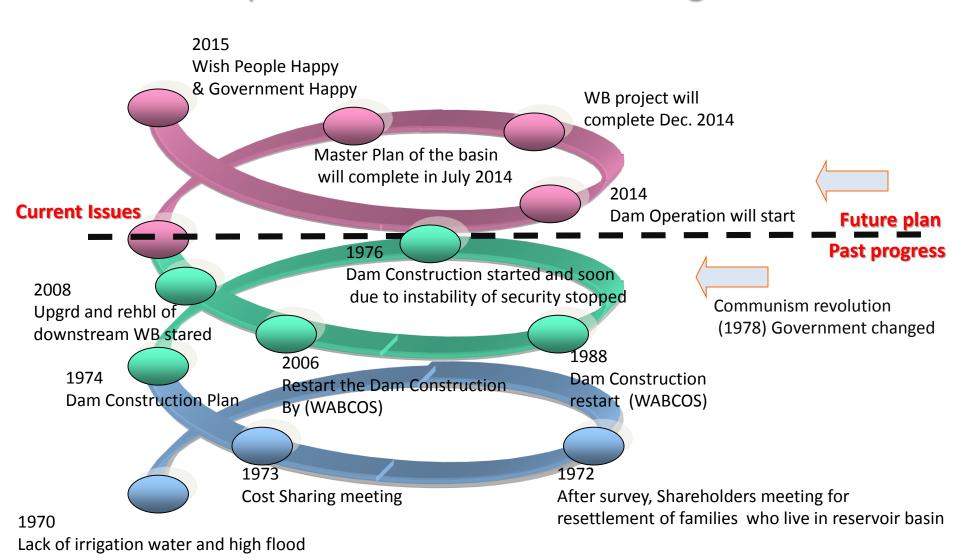
Catchment area 11,700 km²

Power station

Turbines 3 X 14 MW

Maximum capacity 42 MW

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Why Western Basin Project

The feasibility study for Western Basin Project has been done in 2004 and the Implementation has started in Feb 2008, the main task and responsibility of western basin project is to establish the Water User Association (WUA) and work parallel with River Basin Agency (RBA) on provincial level and Rehabilitate and Upgrade all major canals for the down stream of Salma Dam which is going to be completed by end of 2014, by the time the salma dam is completed the downstream canals will be ready to deliver the water to the irrigation system smoothly with limited lose.





Challenges for Implementation of IWRM

- 28 years hydro meteorological data gap (1975-2003)
- Insufficient capacity for the implementation of IWRM
- Lack of water master plan for five river basin
- Lack of National Water Sector Strategy and WRD program for each river basin
- Shortage of budget for the implementation of water programs
- IWRM is not included in university curriculum
- Lack of agreement between Afghanistan and neighboring countries on trans-boundary water issues

Major Challenge

 Lack of WR infrastructures to provide water and energy for social and economical development sectors, especially the agriculture sector

Keys For Success

- Institutional setup, Water User Association (WUA) and River Basin Agency (RBA) established for the basin
- Water Law Approved in 2009
- Master Plan for the river basin going to complete July 2014
- Donor funds, such as ADB, India Government, CIDA, World Bank

